

How to Start a Business in Hawaii

Checklist

1.	Form your business. □
	1.1. Review Hawaii formation options. □
	There are 10 main types of business entities in Hawaii. Choose the one that
	suits your business best.
	1.2. Name your business. □
	After checking to see that your name does not exist, you can reserve your
	business name with the state.
	1.3. Get an Employer Identification Number. \square
	Apply for an Employer Identification Number with the IRS.
	1.4. Register your business in Hawaii. □
	Sole proprietorships do not have to file with the state. All other business
	structures must file online via the Hawaii Business Express portal.
	1.5. Obtain necessary permits and licenses. \square
	Do a search on the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs website
	to see if your business requires any special licenses/permits. If you do, apply
	for them online.
2.	Register your business for taxes. □
	2.1. Register with the Hawaii Department of Taxation. □
	This ensures that you can file your tax returns with the Department of
	Taxation.
	2.2. Register for income withholding tax. \square
	All businesses with employees need to register for income withholding tax.

2.3. Obtain a General Excise Tax (GET) license. □
All businesses that conduct activities in the state need to obtain a GET license
to operate.
2.4. Register for Unemployment Insurance (UI) tax. \square
All businesses with employees must pay unemployment insurance tax on each
employee's wages.
Hire employees and report them to the state. \Box
3.1. Report to the Hawaii Child Support Enforcement Agency. \Box
Report all new and returning employees within 20 days of hiring.
3.2. Obtain Workers' Compensation Insurance. □
Employers with one or more employees are required to carry workers'
compensation insurance.
3.3. Display mandatory posters in your place of business. \square
By law, Hawaii businesses must prominently display the required labor law
posters in the workplace.